

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT REPORT

AN EVALUATION OF THE SUSCEPTIBILITY OF PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SOURCES TO POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION

APA 139

Wallingford Water Department Oak Street Wellfield

The State of Connecticut Department of Public Health (DPH) in cooperation with the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) recently completed an assessment of the Oak Street Wellfield, which is a source of public drinking water that is maintained and operated by the Wallingford Water Department. This one-time assessment is part of a nationwide effort mandated by Congress under the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996 to evaluate the susceptibility of all public drinking water sources in Connecticut to potential sources of contamination. DPH began working in partnership with the DEP in 1997 to develop Connecticut's Source Water Assessment Program, which was approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency in 1999. Sources of potential contamination that are of concern to public drinking water supplies here in Connecticut are generally associated with historic waste disposal or commercial, industrial, agricultural and residential properties that store or use hazardous materials like petroleum products, solvents or agricultural chemicals.

The assessment is intended to provide Wallingford Water Department consumers with information about where their public drinking water comes from, sources of potential contamination that could impact it, and what can be done to help protect it. This assessment will also assist the public water supply system, regional planners, local government, public health officials and state agencies in evaluating the degree to which the Oak Street Wellfield may be at risk from potential sources of contamination. The assessment can be used to target and implement enhanced source water protection measures such as routine inspections, protective land use regulations, acquisition of critical land, proper septic system maintenance, and public education. General sources of contamination with the potential to impact the Oak Street Wellfield include properties with underground fuel storage tanks, improperly maintained on-site septic systems, improper waste disposal, or commercial/industrial sites that store or use chemicals or generate hazardous wastes.

Oak Street Wellfield Source Water Assessment Summary

STRENGTHS

Local aquifer protection regulations adopted
Public Water System Source Protection Program

POTENTIAL RISK FACTORS

Potential contaminant sources in source water area
2 contaminant release points in source water area

Susceptibility Rating

Rating	Environmental Sensitivity	Potential Risk Factors	Source Protection Needs
Low			
Moderate	X		
High		X	X

Overall Susceptibility Rating: High

This rating indicates susceptibility to potential sources of contamination that may be in the wellfield source water area and does not necessarily imply poor water quality.

Detailed information about the specific factors and information used in establishing this rating can be found in Table 1. Information about opportunities to improve protection in the Oak Street Wellfield source water area is also presented in Table 2.



Keeping Connecticut Healthy

State of Connecticut Department of Public Health

Drinking Water Division

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OVERVIEW - The Oak Street Wellfield is located in an aquifer that is comprised largely of water-bearing sand and gravel deposits. The source water area is delineated by a final Level A aquifer protection mapping area, which encompasses some 897.3 acres of land in Meriden and Wallingford. Vacant land and residential properties in the Oak Street Wellfield source water area presently account for approximately 67.5 percent of the land cover. Commercial development at 11.9 percent and agricultural land use at 20.6 percent, account for the remainder of the land coverage's in the source water area. Information about drinking water quality and treatment is available in the Wallingford Water Department's annual Consumer Confidence Report.

ASSESSMENT METHODS.

The drinking water source assessment methods used by the Department of Public Health Drinking Water Division to evaluate the susceptibility of public drinking water sources to contamination are based on criteria individually tailored to surface water and groundwater sources. The criteria are keyed to sanitary conditions in the source water area, the presence of potential or historic sources of contamination, existing land use coverage's, and the need for additional source protection measures within the source water area. Source-specific data for community and non-community systems were used to determine whether a particular criterion should be rated as low, moderate or high, relative to the risk of potential contamination at the drinking water source. Further, a ranking system was used to compute an average rank for each community drinking water source based on its environmental sensitivity, potential risk of contamination and source protection needs.

Wellfields rated as having a low, moderate or high susceptibility to potential sources of contamination generally exhibit the characteristics summarized in Table 1.

Table 1 – General Source Water Area Characteristics and Susceptibility Ratings

Susceptibility Rating	General Characteristics of the Source Water Area*
Low	Low density of potential contaminant sources Lower intensity of land development
Moderate	Low to moderate density of potential contaminant sources Moderate intensity of land development
High	Moderate to high density of potential contaminant sources Higher intensity of land development No local aquifer protection regulations Detectable nitrates and/or volatile organic chemicals in the untreated source water during the past three years that are below the maximum contaminant levels allowed by state and federal drinking water regulations

** Note: Not all characteristics may be present for a given susceptibility rating*

Readers of this assessment are encouraged to use the attached glossary to assist in the understanding of the terms and concepts used throughout this report.

Maps representing the location and features of the Oak Street Wellfield source water area have not been included with this assessment report because of homeland security concerns

OAK STREET WELLFIELD ASSESSMENT RESULTS.

Based on a combination of current wellfield and source water area conditions, existing potential contaminant sources, and the level of source protection measures currently in place, the source water assessment for this wellfield indicates that it has an overall High risk of contamination from identified potential sources of contamination. It should be noted that this rating does not necessarily imply poor water quality or ongoing violations of the Connecticut Public Health Code. The assessment findings for the Oak Street Wellfield are summarized in Table 2, which lists current conditions in the wellfield source water area and recommendations or opportunities to enhance protection of this public drinking water source. A listing of potential contaminant source types in the area can be found in Table 3. A summary of source water area features is shown in Table 4.

The assessment of this and other comparable wellfields throughout Connecticut generally finds that adopting recommendations similar to those presented in Table 2 could reduce the susceptibility of most groundwater sources to potential sources of contamination.

Table 2

**Source Water Assessment Findings and Source Protection Opportunities
Oak Street Wellfield**

Assessment Category	Conditions Through June 2002	Recommendations and Source Protection Opportunities
<p>Environmental Sensitivity Factors</p> <p>Contaminants Detected in Untreated Source Water</p>	<p>All wells in the Oak Street Wellfield are sited and constructed in accordance with DPH regulations and the most recent DPH sanitary survey of this wellfield indicates that it is free of deficiencies.</p> <p>Nitrate >1mg/L, Trichloroethylene, 1,1,1-Trichloroethane,1,1-Dichloroethane,1,1-Dichloroethylene,cis-1,2 Dichloroethylene</p> <p>Except where noted above, any detected contaminants listed are below maximum contaminant levels (MCL) established by the federal government or guidance levels established by the Connecticut Department of Public Health. The presence of these contaminants, in general, indicates that this wellfield is sensitive to human activity.</p> <p>Click here to review EPA’s current drinking water standardsT</p>	<p>Maintain monitoring levels specified in the Connecticut Public Health Code Section 19-13-B102</p> <p>Encourage homeowners to adopt residential best management practices that minimize the use hazardous materials or generation of hazardous waste.</p>
<p>Potential Risk Factors</p>	<p>Potential contaminant sources in source water area</p> <p>2 contaminant release points in source water area</p> <p>More than 30% of land for this source water area is undeveloped, which could present a risk if developed inappropriately.</p> <p>Ten percent or more of the source water area has been developed for commercial or industrial use</p>	<p>Periodically inspect SPCS sites and maintain a water quality monitoring program consistent with the level of potential risk</p> <p>Maintain an adequate level of surveillance around contaminant release point sites to insure that groundwater contamination is not occurring</p> <p>Proactively work with local officials and developers to insure that only low-risk development occurs within the source water area</p> <p>Monitor activities at commercial and industrial facilities to insure that best management practices are being followed</p> <p>Encourage residential property owners to conduct scheduled inspections and maintenance of underground fuel storage tanks and on-site septic systems.</p>
<p>Source Protection Needs Factors</p>	<p>Level A aquifer mapping completed</p> <p>Portions of the 200 foot sanitary radius around wellheads for this wellfield are not owned or controlled by the public water system.</p> <p>Local aquifer protection regulations exist for 98% of source water area</p> <p>Less than 10% of the land in the source water area exists as preserved open space</p>	<p>Where feasible, increase ownership or control of 200 foot sanitary radius around all wellheads for this wellfield</p> <p>Expand coverage of local aquifer protection regulations throughout entire source water area</p> <p>Support and encourage the acquisition of open space land within the source water area</p> <p>Support environmental awareness and education within the community.</p>

Inventoried significant potential contaminant sources in the Oak Street Wellfield source water area are listed in Table 3. While these facilities have the potential to cause groundwater contamination, there is no indication that they are doing so at this time.

Table 3 Summary of Significant Potential Contaminant Types in the Oak Street Wellfield Source Water Area

Category	Subcategory	Number of SPCS Types
Waste Storage, Handling, Disposal	Hazardous Waste Facilities	2
	Solid Waste Facilities	3
	Miscellaneous	0
Bulk Chemical, Petroleum Storage	Underground Storage Tanks	3
	Tank Farms	0
	Warehouses	0
Industrial Manufacturing / Processing	Chemical & Allied Production	0
	Chemical Use Processing	0
	Miscellaneous	0
Commercial Trades and Services	Automotive and Related Services	18
	Chemical Use Services	1
	Miscellaneous	0
Agriculture and Related	Pesticide Storage, Handling or Application	0
Total Number of Contaminant Types		27

Prominent features of the Oak Street Wellfield source water area are summarized in Table 4.

Table 4 Features of the Oak Street Wellfield Source Water Area

Number and Type of Public Drinking Water Supply Wells	2 stratified drift wells
Source Water Area Delineation Method ^a	final Level A
DEP Groundwater Classification	GA-impaired or GAA-impaired- Groundwater that may not be meeting all standards with a goal to restore to drinking water quality
Size of Source Water Area	897.3 acres
Location of Source Water Area	Meriden and Wallingford
Predominant Land Use and Land Cover in Source Water Area ^b	
-Urban - Commercial or Industrial	11.9 %
-Urban - Residential	29.1 %
-Agricultural	20.6 %
-Undeveloped Land	38.4 %
Preserved Land In Source Water Area ^d	63.6 acres
Significant Potential Contamination Sources	
-Number of inventoried facilities in source water area	15
-Count of inventoried facilities per square mile	10.70 per sq mile
-Number of contaminant sources within inventoried facilities	27
Number of Contaminant Release Points Inventoried by CTDEP ^c	2

^a Source water delineation method depends on data available for the wellfield

^b Based on statewide data layer of land use and land cover developed by UCONN Dept of Natural Resource Management Engineering and Connecticut DEP satellite imagery.

^c Sites or locations with documented accidental spills, leaks or discharges. While these sources, which are cataloged and tracked by the Connecticut DEP, may fall within a public drinking water supply source water area, they may or may not presently be discharging to the environment or causing contamination of a public drinking water source.

^d Any combination of state forest and parklands and municipally or privately held land designated as open space.

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT REPORT

AN EVALUATION OF THE SUSCEPTIBILITY OF PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SOURCES TO POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION

APA 140

Wallingford Water Department North Turnpike Wellfield

The State of Connecticut Department of Public Health (DPH) in cooperation with the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) recently completed an assessment of the North Turnpike Wellfield, which is a source of public drinking water that is maintained and operated by the Wallingford Water Department. This one-time assessment is part of a nationwide effort mandated by Congress under the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996 to evaluate the susceptibility of all public drinking water sources in Connecticut to potential sources of contamination. DPH began working in partnership with the DEP in 1997 to develop Connecticut's Source Water Assessment Program, which was approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency in 1999. Sources of potential contamination that are of concern to public drinking water supplies here in Connecticut are generally associated with historic waste disposal or commercial, industrial, agricultural and residential properties that store or use hazardous materials like petroleum products, solvents or agricultural chemicals.

The assessment is intended to provide Wallingford Water Department consumers with information about where their public drinking water comes from, sources of potential contamination that could impact it, and what can be done to help protect it. This assessment will also assist the public water supply system, regional planners, local government, public health officials and state agencies in evaluating the degree to which the North Turnpike Wellfield may be at risk from potential sources of contamination. The assessment can be used to target and implement enhanced source water protection measures such as routine inspections, protective land use regulations, acquisition of critical land, proper septic system maintenance, and public education. General sources of contamination with the potential to impact the North Turnpike Wellfield include properties with underground fuel storage tanks, improperly maintained on-site septic systems, improper waste disposal, or commercial/industrial sites that store or use chemicals or generate hazardous wastes.

North Turnpike Wellfield Source Water Assessment Summary

STRENGTHS

- Local aquifer protection regulations adopted**
- Public Water System Source Protection Program**
- Less than 10% of this source water area is currently developed for commercial or industrial use**

POTENTIAL RISK FACTORS

- Potential contaminant sources in source water area**

Susceptibility Rating

Rating	Environmental Sensitivity	Potential Risk Factors	Source Protection Needs
Low	X		
Moderate		X	
High			X

Overall Susceptibility Rating: Moderate

This rating indicates susceptibility to potential sources of contamination that may be in the wellfield source water area and does not necessarily imply poor water quality.

Detailed information about the specific factors and information used in establishing this rating can be found in Table 1. Information about opportunities to improve protection in the North Turnpike Wellfield source water area is also presented in Table 2.



Keeping Connecticut Healthy

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OVERVIEW - The North Turnpike Wellfield is located in an aquifer that is comprised largely of water-bearing sand and gravel deposits. The source water area is delineated by a final Level A aquifer protection mapping area, which encompasses some 458.7 acres of land in Wallingford. Vacant land and residential properties in the North Turnpike Wellfield source water area presently account for approximately 87.9 percent of the land cover. Commercial development at 8.2 percent and agricultural land use at 3.9 percent, account for the remainder of the land coverage's in the source water area. Information about drinking water quality and treatment is available in the Wallingford Water Department's annual Consumer Confidence Report.

ASSESSMENT METHODS.

The drinking water source assessment methods used by the Department of Public Health Drinking Water Division to evaluate the susceptibility of public drinking water sources to contamination are based on criteria individually tailored to surface water and groundwater sources. The criteria are keyed to sanitary conditions in the source water area, the presence of potential or historic sources of contamination, existing land use coverage's, and the need for additional source protection measures within the source water area. Source-specific data for community and non-community systems were used to determine whether a particular criterion should be rated as low, moderate or high, relative to the risk of potential contamination at the drinking water source. Further, a ranking system was used to compute an average rank for each community drinking water source based on its environmental sensitivity, potential risk of contamination and source protection needs.

Wellfields rated as having a low, moderate or high susceptibility to potential sources of contamination generally exhibit the characteristics summarized in Table 1.

Table 1 – General Source Water Area Characteristics and Susceptibility Ratings

Susceptibility Rating	General Characteristics of the Source Water Area*
Low	Low density of potential contaminant sources Lower intensity of land development
Moderate	Low to moderate density of potential contaminant sources Moderate intensity of land development
High	Moderate to high density of potential contaminant sources Higher intensity of land development No local aquifer protection regulations Detectable nitrates and/or volatile organic chemicals in the untreated source water during the past three years that are below the maximum contaminant levels allowed by state and federal drinking water regulations

** Note: Not all characteristics may be present for a given susceptibility rating*

Readers of this assessment are encouraged to use the attached glossary to assist in the understanding of the terms and concepts used throughout this report.

Maps representing the location and features of the North Turnpike Wellfield source water area have not been included with this assessment report because of homeland security concerns

NORTH TURNPIKE WELLFIELD ASSESSMENT RESULTS.

Based on a combination of current wellfield and source water area conditions, existing potential contaminant sources, and the level of source protection measures currently in place, the source water assessment for this wellfield indicates that it has an overall Moderate risk of contamination from identified potential sources of contamination. It should be noted that this rating does not necessarily imply poor water quality or ongoing violations of the Connecticut Public Health Code. The assessment findings for the North Turnpike Wellfield are summarized in Table 2, which lists current conditions in the wellfield source water area and recommendations or opportunities to enhance protection of this public drinking water source. A listing of potential contaminant source types in the area can be found in Table 3. A summary of source water area features is shown in Table 4.

The assessment of this and other comparable wellfields throughout Connecticut generally finds that adopting recommendations similar to those presented in Table 2 could reduce the susceptibility of most groundwater sources to potential sources of contamination.

Table 2

**Source Water Assessment Findings and Source Protection Opportunities
North Turnpike Wellfield**

Assessment Category	Conditions Through June 2002	Recommendations and Source Protection Opportunities
<p>Environmental Sensitivity Factors</p> <p>Contaminants Detected in Untreated Source Water</p>	<p>All wells in the North Turnpike Wellfield are sited and constructed in accordance with DPH regulations and the most recent DPH sanitary survey of this wellfield indicates that it is free of deficiencies.</p> <p>Nitrate >1mg/L</p> <p>Except where noted above, any detected contaminants listed are below maximum contaminant levels (MCL) established by the federal government or guidance levels established by the Connecticut Department of Public Health. The presence of these contaminants, in general, indicates that this wellfield is sensitive to human activity.</p> <p>Click here to review EPA's current drinking water standardsT</p>	<p>Maintain monitoring levels specified in the Connecticut Public Health Code Section 19-13-B102</p> <p>Encourage homeowners to adopt residential best management practices that minimize the use hazardous materials or generation of hazardous waste.</p>
<p>Potential Risk Factors</p>	<p>Potential contaminant sources in source water area</p>	<p>Periodically inspect SPCS sites and maintain a water quality monitoring program consistent with the level of potential risk</p> <p>Encourage residential property owners to conduct scheduled inspections and maintenance of underground fuel storage tanks and on-site septic systems.</p>
<p>Source Protection Needs Factors</p>	<p>Level A aquifer mapping completed</p> <p>Portions of the 200 foot sanitary radius around wellheads for this wellfield are not owned or controlled by the public water system.</p> <p>Aquifer protection regulations adopted for the entire source water area</p> <p>Less than 10% of the land in the source water area exists as preserved open space</p>	<p>Where feasible, increase ownership or control of 200 foot sanitary radius around all wellheads for this wellfield</p> <p>Adhere to local aquifer protection regulations</p> <p>Support and encourage the acquisition of open space land within the source water area</p> <p>Support environmental awareness and education within the community.</p>

Inventoried significant potential contaminant sources in the North Turnpike Wellfield source water area are listed in Table 3. While these facilities have the potential to cause groundwater contamination, there is no indication that they are doing so at this time.

Table 3 Summary of Significant Potential Contaminant Types in the North Turnpike Wellfield Source Water Area

Category	Subcategory	Number of SPCS Types
Waste Storage, Handling, Disposal	Hazardous Waste Facilities	0
	Solid Waste Facilities	0
	Miscellaneous	0
Bulk Chemical, Petroleum Storage	Underground Storage Tanks	7
	Tank Farms	0
	Warehouses	0
Industrial Manufacturing / Processing	Chemical & Allied Production	0
	Chemical Use Processing	0
	Miscellaneous	0
Commercial Trades and Services	Automotive and Related Services	1
	Chemical Use Services	0
	Miscellaneous	1
Agriculture and Related	Pesticide Storage, Handling or Application	0
Total Number of Contaminant Types		9

Prominent features of the North Turnpike Wellfield source water area are summarized in Table 4.

Table 4 Features of the North Turnpike Wellfield Source Water Area

Number and Type of Public Drinking Water Supply Wells	1 stratified drift well
Source Water Area Delineation Method ^a	final Level A
DEP Groundwater Classification	GAA - Groundwater used as a public drinking water supply, presumed to be drinkable without treatment
Size of Source Water Area	458.7 acres
Location of Source Water Area	Wallingford
Predominant Land Use and Land Cover in Source Water Area ^b	
-Urban - Commercial or Industrial	8.2 %
-Urban - Residential	67.1 %
-Agricultural	3.9 %
-Undeveloped Land	20.8 %
Preserved Land In Source Water Area ^d	28.2 acres
Significant Potential Contamination Sources	
-Number of inventoried facilities in source water area	6
-Count of inventoried facilities per square mile	8.37 per sq mile
-Number of contaminant sources within inventoried facilities	9
Number of Contaminant Release Points Inventoried by CTDEP ^c	0

^a Source water delineation method depends on data available for the wellfield

^b Based on statewide data layer of land use and land cover developed by UCONN Dept of Natural Resource Management Engineering and Connecticut DEP satellite imagery.

^c Sites or locations with documented accidental spills, leaks or discharges. While these sources, which are cataloged and tracked by the Connecticut DEP, may fall within a public drinking water supply source water area, they may or may not presently be discharging to the environment or causing contamination of a public drinking water source.

^d Any combination of state forest and parklands and municipally or privately held land designated as open space.

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT REPORT

AN EVALUATION OF THE SUSCEPTIBILITY OF PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SOURCES TO POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION

CT1480011

Wallingford Water Department Wallingford Reservoir System

The State of Connecticut Department of Public Health (DPH) in cooperation with the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) recently completed an initial assessment of the Wallingford Reservoir System, which is a source of public drinking water that is maintained and operated by the Wallingford Water Department. This one-time assessment is part of a nationwide effort mandated by Congress under the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996 to evaluate the susceptibility of all public drinking water sources in Connecticut to potential sources of contamination. DPH began working in partnership with the DEP in 1997 to develop Connecticut's Source Water Assessment Program, which was approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency in 1999. Sources of potential contamination that are of concern to public drinking water supplies here in Connecticut are generally associated with historic waste disposal or commercial, industrial, agricultural and residential properties that store or use hazardous materials like petroleum products, solvents or agricultural chemicals.

The assessment is intended to provide Wallingford Water Department consumers with information about where their public drinking water comes from, sources of potential contamination that could impact it, and what can be done to help protect it. This initial assessment complete will also assist the public water supply system, regional planners, local government, public health officials and state agencies in evaluating the degree to which the Wallingford Reservoir System may be at risk from potential sources of contamination. The assessment can be used to target and implement enhanced source water protection measures such as routine inspections, protective land use regulations, acquisition of critical land, proper septic system maintenance, and public education. General sources of contamination with the potential to impact the Wallingford Reservoir System include properties with underground fuel storage tanks, improperly maintained on-site septic systems, improper waste disposal, or commercial/industrial sites that store or use chemicals or generate hazardous wastes.

Wallingford Reservoir System Source Water Assessment Summary

STRENGTHS

Point source pollution discharge points not present in this watershed area

POTENTIAL RISK FACTORS

Potential contaminant sources present in the watershed

Less than 10% of watershed area owned by public water system

Susceptibility Rating			Source Protection Needs
Rating	Environmental Sensitivity	Potential Risk Factors	
Low	X	X	
Moderate			X
High			

Overall Susceptibility Rating: Low

This rating indicates susceptibility to potential sources of contamination that may be in the source water area and does not necessarily imply poor water quality.

Detailed information about the specific factors and information used in establishing this rating can be found in Table 2. Information about opportunities to improve protection in the Wallingford Reservoir System is also presented in Table 2.



Keeping Connecticut Healthy

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OVERVIEW - The Wallingford Reservoir System watershed encompasses some 6,483 acres of land in Durham, Guilford, Meriden, Middlefield, North Branford and Wallingford. Approximately 8.4% of this watershed is owned by the Wallingford Water Department. Public drinking water sources in this system include Lane's Pond, Pistapaug Pond and the MacKenzie and Ulbrich reservoirs. State-wide satellite imagery developed by the University of Connecticut indicates that undeveloped land and residential properties presently account for approximately 75.0% percent of the land cover in the Wallingford Reservoir System. Commercial development at 2.9% and agricultural land use at 22.2% account for the remainder of the land coverage in the source water area. Approximately 17.6% of the land in the watershed area is preserved including all watershed land owned by the Wallingford Water Department, state forest and parklands, and municipally or privately held land designated as open space. Information about drinking water quality and treatment is available in the Wallingford Water Department's annual Consumer Confidence Report.

ASSESSMENT METHODS.

The drinking water source assessment methods used by the Department of Public Health Drinking Water Division to evaluate the susceptibility of public drinking water sources to contamination are based on criteria individually tailored to surface water and groundwater sources. The criteria are keyed to sanitary conditions in the source water area, the presence of potential or historic sources of contamination, existing land use coverage's, and the need for additional source protection measures within the source water area. Source-specific data for community and non-community systems were used to determine whether a particular criterion should be rated as low, moderate or high, relative to the risk of potential contamination at the drinking water source. Further, a ranking system was used to compute an average rank for each community drinking water source based on its environmental sensitivity, potential risk of contamination and source protection needs. Watersheds and reservoirs rated as having a low, moderate or high susceptibility to potential sources of contamination generally exhibit the characteristics summarized in Table 1.

Table 1 – General Watershed Area Characteristics and Susceptibility Ratings

Susceptibility Rating	General Characteristics of the Watershed Area*
Low	Low density of potential contaminant sources Lower intensity of land development
Moderate	Low to moderate density of potential contaminant sources Moderate intensity of land development
High	Moderate to high density of potential contaminant sources Higher intensity of land development No local watershed protection regulations Detectable nitrates and/or volatile organic chemicals in the untreated source water during the past three years that are below the maximum contaminant levels allowed by state and federal drinking water regulations

** Note: Not all characteristics may be present for a given susceptibility rating*

Readers of this assessment are encouraged to use the attached glossary to assist in the understanding of the terms and concepts used throughout this report.

Maps representing the location and features of the Wallingford Reservoir System source water area have not been included with this assessment report because of homeland security concerns.

WALLINGFORD RESERVOIR SYSTEM ASSESSMENT RESULTS.

Based on a combination of current reservoir and watershed area conditions, existing potential contaminant sources, and the level of source protection measures currently in place, the source water assessment for this watershed system indicates that it has an overall Low risk of contamination from any identified potential sources of contamination. The assessment findings for the Wallingford Reservoir System are summarized in Table 2, which lists current conditions in the source water area and recommendations or opportunities to enhance protection of this public drinking water source. A listing of potential contaminant source types in the area, if present, can be found in Table 3. A summary of source water area features is shown in Table 4.

The assessment of this and other comparable watershed areas throughout Connecticut generally finds that adopting recommendations similar to those presented in Table 2 could reduce the susceptibility of most surface water sources to potential sources of contamination.

Table 2 Source Water Assessment Findings and Source Protection Opportunities For the Wallingford Reservoir System

Assessment Category	Conditions as of June 2002	Recommendations and Source Protection Opportunities
<p>Environmental Sensitivity Factors</p> <p>Contaminants Detected in Untreated Source Water</p>	<p>Predominant watershed topography characterized by moderate slopes</p> <p>Reservoirs have low to moderate capacity to support excessive growths of algae and plankton</p> <p>None</p> <p>Click here to review EPA's current drinking water standards</p>	<p>Monitor runoff during heavy precipitation events</p> <p>Monitor reservoir nutrient levels for source waters classified as eutrophic or mesotrophic.</p> <p>Encourage homeowners to adopt residential best management practices that minimize the use of hazardous materials or generation of hazardous waste in the watershed.</p>
<p>Potential Risk Factors</p>	<p>Potential contaminant sources present in the watershed</p> <p>More than 50% of land for this source water area is undeveloped, which could present a risk if developed inappropriately.</p> <p>Major state or interstate roadways present in the watershed</p> <p>One known contaminant release point present in the watershed</p>	<p>Periodically inspect these sites and maintain a water quality monitoring program consistent with the level of potential risk</p> <p>Proactively work with local officials and developers to insure that only low-risk development occurs within the watershed area</p> <p>Monitor road salt and herbicide usage along these roadways and address potential for hazardous material spills resulting from vehicular accidents</p> <p>Maintain an adequate level of surveillance around contaminant release point sites to insure that surface water contamination is not occurring</p> <p>Encourage residential property owners to inspect and regularly cleanout onsite septic systems and replace underground fuel storage tanks with above ground tanks.</p>
<p>Source Protection Needs Factors</p>	<p>Less than 10% of watershed area owned by public water system</p> <p>Less than 20% of the land in the source water area exists as preserved open space</p> <p>Point source pollution discharge points not present in this watershed area</p>	<p>Increase ownership or control of watershed area whenever land becomes available for purchase or support land acquisition by public or private conservation/preservation organizations</p> <p>Support and encourage the acquisition of open space land within the watershed area</p> <p>Support environmental awareness and education within the community.</p>

Inventoried significant potential contaminant sources present in the Wallingford Reservoir System source water area are listed in Table 3. While these facilities, if present, have the potential to cause surface water contamination; there is no indication that they are doing so at this time.

Table 3 – Summary of Significant Potential Contaminant Types in the Wallingford Reservoir System Source Water Area

Category	Subcategory	Number of SPCS Types
Waste Storage, Handling, Disposal	Hazardous Waste Facilities	0
	Solid Waste Facilities	0
	Miscellaneous	0
Bulk Chemical, Petroleum Storage	Underground Storage Tanks	4
	Tank Farms	0
	Warehouses	0
Industrial Manufacturing / Processing	Chemical & Allied Production	0
	Chemical Use Processing	0
	Miscellaneous	0
Commercial Trades and Services	Automotive and Related Services	0
	Chemical Use Services	0
	Miscellaneous	0
Miscellaneous	No Identifiable SPCS Type	0
Agricultural Operations	Animal or Livestock Waste Handling	0
	Pesticide Storage or Application	0
Total Number of Contaminant Types		4

Prominent features of the Wallingford Reservoir System source water area are summarized in Table 4.

Table 4 - Features of the Wallingford Reservoir System

Location of Watershed Area	Durham, Guilford, Meriden, Middlefield, North Branford and Wallingford
Name of Reservoir(s) and Diversion(s)	Lane's Pond, Pistapaug Pond and the MacKenzie and Ulbrich reservoirs
Number and Type of Public Drinking Water Reservoirs or Diversions in the Watershed	1 Distribution and 3 Storage
Trophic Status of Reservoir(s)	1 Mesotrophic and 3 Oligotrophic
DEP Surface Water Classification	AA
Watershed Area (total acreage)	6,483 acres
Preserved Land in the Watershed ^a	1,140 acres
Predominant Watershed Topography	moderate slopes
General Land Use and Land Cover in the Watershed ^b	
-Urban - Commercial or Industrial	2.9%
-Urban - Residential	5.3%
-Agricultural	22.2%
-Undeveloped Land	69.6%
Significant Potential Contamination Sources	
-Number of inventoried facilities in source water area ^c	4
-Count of inventoried facilities per square mile	0.39 per sq mile
-Number of contaminant types within inventoried facilities	4
Number of Contaminant Release Points Inventoried by CTDEP ^d	1

^a Preserved land includes any combination of land owned by the public water supply, state forest and parklands, and municipally or privately held land designated as open space.

^b Based on statewide data layer of land use and land cover developed by UCONN Dept of Natural Resource Management Engineering and Connecticut DEP satellite imagery averaged across the entire watershed.

^c Inventoried facilities reflect the actual number of SPCS sites present in the source water area, which may have more than 1 type of contaminant present at the facility.

^d Sites or locations with documented accidental spills, leaks or discharges. While these sources, which are cataloged and tracked by the Connecticut DEP, may fall within a public drinking water supply source water area, they may or may not presently be discharging to the environment or causing contamination of a public drinking water source.