

**STATE OF CONNECTICUT  
CONNECTICUT BOARD OF EXAMINERS  
FOR EMBALMERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS**

Stanley Petteway, Embalmer  
License No. 002702

Petition No. 2011-643

**MEMORANDUM OF DECISION**  
*Procedural Background*

On October 25, 2011, the Department of Public Health (“the Department”) presented the Connecticut Board of Examiners for Embalmers and Funeral Directors (“the Board”) with a Statement of Charges (“the Charges”) and a Motion for Summary Suspension brought against license number 002702 of Stanley Petteway (“respondent”). The Motion for Summary Suspension was based on the Charges, Affidavits, and the Department’s information and belief that respondent’s continued practice as an embalmer presented a clear and immediate danger to the public health and safety. Bd. Exh. 1.

On October 26, 2011, the Department filed a Motion to Consolidate this hearing with the hearing on the Statement of Charges against the Petteway Funeral Home in Petition No. 2011-644, on the grounds that the allegations in both cases arose from the same operative facts. Bd. Exh. 1. On November 2, 2011, the Board granted the Motion to Consolidate. Bd. Exh. 1.

On November 2, 2011, the Charges, along with the Notice of Hearing, were sent to respondent by certified mail, return receipt requested, and first class mail. Bd. Exh. 1.

The hearing was held on November 15, 2011. At the hearing, respondent was present and was represented by Attorney Mark Matasavage; Attorney Diane Wilan represented the Department.

The Board conducted the hearing in accordance with Chapter 54 of the General Statutes (“the Statutes”) and § 19a-9a-1 *et seq.* of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (“the Regulations”). All Board members involved in this decision received copies of the entire record and attest that they have heard the case or read the record in its entirety. This decision is based entirely on the record and the specialized professional knowledge of the Board in evaluating the evidence.

*Allegations*

1. In paragraphs 1 and 7 of the Charges, the Department alleges that respondent of Waterbury, is, and has been at all times referenced in the Charges, the holder of Connecticut embalmer license number 002702.

**Count One**

2. In paragraph 2 of the Charges, the Department alleges that at all relevant times, respondent was the licensed embalmer/manager for Petteway Funeral Home ("funeral home").
3. In paragraph 3 of the Charges, the Department alleges that all relevant times, Clifton Petteway was an unlicensed owner of the funeral home.
4. In paragraph 4 of the Charges, the Department alleges that during approximately March and April 2011, respondent knowingly permitted Clifton Petteway to engage in funeral directing.
5. In paragraph 5 of the Charges, the Department alleges that during approximately March 2011, respondent stored the deceased, D.C.D., on a stretcher for approximately 72 hours without washing, disinfecting or embalming the body.
6. In paragraph 6 of the Charges, the Department alleges that the above-described facts constitute grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to the Statutes, including but not limited to:
  - a. §20-227 (4); and/or
  - b. §20-227 (7).

**Count Two**

8. In paragraph 8 of the Charges, the Department alleges that during approximately May 2011, respondent failed to provide customers with an Outer Burial and Casket Price List.
9. In paragraph 9 of the Charges, the Department alleges that during approximately 2010 and 2011, respondent failed to maintain files for all the funeral services provided by the funeral home.
10. In paragraph 10 of the Charges, the Department alleges that during approximately 2011, respondent presented applications to the Connecticut Department of Social Services ("DSS") for burial assistance payments, but improperly failed to include cemetery charges in order to avoid exceeding the eligibility limit for the following funerals:
  - a. Funeral of E.S. - omitted \$1930.00 Calvary Cemetery charges;
  - b. Funeral of J.L.W. - omitted \$1850.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;
  - c. Funeral of A.B.S. - omitted \$2000.00 Calvary Cemetery charges;
  - d. Funeral of M.M. - omitted cost of grave \$825.00;
  - e. Funeral of C.J. - omitted \$1875.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;

- f. Funeral of S.M. - omitted \$1200.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;
  - g. Funeral of C.P. - omitted \$2000.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;
  - h. Funeral of A.S. - omitted \$1200.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;
  - i. Funeral of T.W. - omitted \$1450.00 Walnut Grove Cemetery charges;
  - j. Funeral of E.L. - omitted \$2000.00 Calvary Cemetery charges; and/or
11. In paragraph 11 of the Charges, the Department alleges that during approximately 2011, respondent overcharged DSS \$400.00 for a cardboard cremation container on at least five occasions.
12. In paragraph 12 of the Charges, the Department alleges that the above facts constitute grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to the Statutes, including, but not limited to:
- a. §20-227(2);
  - b. §20-227(4);
  - c. §20-227(5);
  - d. §20-222(g)(1);
  - e. §20-230a; and/or
  - f. §20-230b.

***Findings of Fact***

1. Respondent of Waterbury, is, and has been at all times referenced in the Charges, the holder of Connecticut embalmer license number 002702. Bd. Exh. 2.

***Count One***

2. At all relevant times, respondent was the licensed embalmer/manager for the funeral home. Bd. Exh. 2.
3. At all relevant times, Clifton Petteway was an unlicensed owner of the funeral home. Bd. Exh. 2; Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 54-55.
4. During March and April 2011, respondent knowingly permitted Clifton Petteway to engage in funeral directing. Dept. Exhs. 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10; Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 16-19, 21- 22, 25-26, 28-33, 35-37, 43-44.
5. During March 2011, respondent stored the deceased, D.C.D., on a stretcher for approximately 48 hours, not 72 hours as alleged, without washing, disinfecting or embalming the body such that the body began to decay before it could be presented for viewing by family and friends. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 41-43, 45-49, 92-93.

***Count Two***

6. During May 2011, respondent failed to provide customers with an Outer Burial and Casket Price List. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 58-60.
7. During 2010 and 2011, respondent failed to maintain files for all the funeral services provided by the funeral home. Tr. pp. 58- 59.
8. In 2011, respondent applied to DSS for burial assistance payments, despite certifying, on the penalty of false statement, that the applications reflected the total cost of the funerals, including all the funeral and burial expenses, and the cash and contributions toward those expenses, respondent failed to include cemetery charges in order to avoid exceeding the program cost eligibility limit of \$4,600.00. The omitted charges included:
  - a. Funeral of E.S. - omitted \$1930.00 Calvary Cemetery charges;
  - b. Funeral of J.L.W. - omitted \$1850.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;
  - c. Funeral of A.B.S. - omitted \$2000.00 Calvary Cemetery charges;
  - d. Funeral of M.M. - omitted cost of grave \$825.00;
  - e. Funeral of C.J. - omitted \$1875.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;
  - f. Funeral of S.M. - omitted \$1200.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;
  - g. Funeral of C.P. - omitted \$2000.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;
  - h. Funeral of A.S. - omitted \$1200.00 Pine Grove Cemetery charges;
  - i. Funeral of T.W. - omitted \$1450.00 Walnut Grove Cemetery charges;
  - j. Funeral of E.L. - omitted \$2000.00 Calvary Cemetery charges.

Dept. Exh. 6, pp. 9, 19-20, 23, 27, 31, 37; Dept. Exh. 9, pp. 4-9; Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 61-65, 71-78.

9. On at least four occasions during 2011, respondent overcharged DSS \$400.00 for a cardboard cremation container. Dept. Exh. 9, pp. 6-7; Tr. 11/15/11, p. 65.

#### ***Discussion and Conclusions of Law***

The Department bears the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence in this matter. *Steadman v. Securities and Exchange Commission*, 450 U.S. 91, 101 S.Ct. 999, *reh'g denied*, 451 U.S. 933 (1981); *Goldstar Medical Services, Inc., et al. v. Department of Social Services*, 288 Conn. 790 (2008); *Swiller v. Comm'r of Public Health*, No. CV970573367, Superior Court, J.D. Hartford/New Britain at Hartford, February 19, 1998. Section 19a-10 of the Connecticut General Statutes provides in pertinent part: "Any board . . . , may conduct hearings on any matter within their statutory jurisdiction. Such hearings shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 54 and the regulations established by the Commissioner of Public Health."

The Board relied on the training and experience of its members in making its findings of facts and conclusions of law. *Pet v. Department of Health Services*, 228 Conn. 651, 667 (1994).

The Department alleges that respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to §20-227 of the Statutes which provides, in pertinent part:

[t]he . . . board may take any actions set forth in section 19a-17 against a licensee, registrant or holder of an inspection certificate if it finds the existence of any of the following grounds: . . . (2) violation of the statutes or regulations of said department relative to the business of embalming or funeral directing in this state; . . . (4) incompetency, negligence or misconduct in the carrying on or such business or profession; (5) violation of or noncompliance with the provisions of this chapter or the rules established hereunder; . . . (7) aiding or abetting the practice of embalming or funeral directing by an unlicensed person; . . .

The Department met its burden of proof with regard to all of the allegations contained in the Charges, except with respect to the number of hours that the decedent D.C.D. was stored on a stretcher and the number of occasions in which respondent overcharged DSS for a cardboard cremation container.

#### ***Count One***

With respect to the allegations in paragraphs 2 and 3 of the Charges, respondent admits that, at all relevant times, he was the licensed embalmer/manager for the funeral home, and Clifton Petteway was an unlicensed owner of the funeral home.

With respect to the allegations in paragraph 4 of the Charges, the Department established by a preponderance of the evidence that during March and April 2011, respondent knowingly permitted Clifton Petteway to engage in funeral directing. Respondent testified that on or about March 27, 2011,<sup>1</sup> he received a call from his brother, Clifton Petteway, concerning a request the Dunbar family had made regarding the removal of the body of the deceased, D.C.D., from Waterbury Hospital, who died on March 27, 2011. A preponderance of the evidence establishes that Clifton Petteway informed respondent that, on March 28, 2011, Mrs. Wanda Dunbar and a family friend, walked into the funeral home and met with Clifton Petteway and made the removal request. Since respondent was not available to handle the removal, Clifton Petteway arranged for Walter Makarewicz, the funeral home's trade associate, to make the removal. On March 29, 2011, Mr. Makarewicz removed the body from Waterbury Hospital and transported the body to the funeral home.

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<sup>1</sup> The record establishes that respondent received the call from his brother, Clifton Petteway, on March 28, 2011, not on March 27, 2011. Dept. Exh. 3

Also, during that initial meeting, Clifton Petteway gave Mrs. Dunbar a general price list of funeral services and told her that when she was ready to make funeral arrangements for her husband, she would meet with respondent. Mrs. Dunbar testified that during that initial meeting with Clifton Petteway, he gave her an oral quote of \$8,000.00 as the cost of the funeral, which she wrote on the general price list brochure (Dept. Exh. 7) he gave her. Mrs. Dunbar further testified that Clifton Petteway asked her if she had considered cremating her husband. She cried and became very upset. He assured Mrs. Dunbar that her husband's body would be picked up from Waterbury Hospital and that his body would be embalmed. Mrs. Dunbar did not sign a contract or any release forms with the funeral home. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 17-19; Dept. Exhs. 2, 5.

A preponderance of the evidence further establishes that on March 29, 2011, Clifton Petteway stopped by the Dunbar residence to discuss funeral arrangements with the family. Present at this meeting was Mrs. Dunbar, her daughter, Onnika Dunbar, and her son, Jason Dunbar. Dept. Exhs. 2, 4, 10. Although Clifton Petteway testified that he only met with the Dunbar family on March 29, 2011 to pick up D.C.D.'s photograph for a death notice to be published in the local newspaper, and that no funeral arrangements were discussed, the Board does not find him credible. Both Mrs. Dunbar and her daughter, Onnika Dunbar, credibly testified that Clifton Petteway came to their house on March 29, 2011 to discuss funeral arrangements and costs. Tr. 11/15/11, pp.19-20. Mrs. Dunbar also testified that Clifton Petteway told her daughter twice that the decedent's body had been embalmed. Ms. Onnika Dunbar also testified that Clifton Petteway reassured her at least twice that her father had been embalmed. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 20-22.

When they informed Clifton Petteway that \$8,000.00 was more than the family could afford to pay for the funeral, Jason Dunbar, in his affidavit (Dept. Exh. 10), attests that Clifton Petteway again suggested that cremation was their "best and only option." Since they rejected cremation as a less expensive alternative and they could not afford the amount Clifton Petteway quoted to them, they decided to seek the services of another funeral home. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 20-21.

On March 31, 2011, the family made arrangements with Mr. Lillard Lewis, licensed embalmer, to have the decedent moved to Chapel Funeral Home. The record shows that when Mr. Lewis picked up the decedent's body from respondent, Mr. Lewis paid respondent \$200 for picking up the body from the hospital. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 20-21.

Both Mrs. Dunbar and her daughter testified that during all of their conversations and meetings with Clifton Petteway, they believed that he was the funeral director. They never met with or had any contact with respondent. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 24, 29, 31, 43-44.

Moreover, respondent's testimony corroborated the family members' testimonies when he gave a confusing and conflicting account of why he waited on the family to contact him to give him further instructions regarding whether or not to embalm the body. He claims that for the next couple of days, he continued to ask his brother, Clifton, if he had heard anything from the family. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 91-93, 103-105, 108-114. Ultimately, he admitted that he "did not talk with any family member." Tr. 11/15/11, p. 107. It is incredible that, during this timeframe, respondent never made any concerted effort to contact any of the Dunbar family members, although their contact information was readily available to Clifton Petteway.

The Department also established by a preponderance of the evidence that on or about April 17 and 18, 2011, Clifton Petteway called the Dunbar family to inquire about the funeral service that Chapel Funeral Home officiated for the deceased and to ask how the family was doing. On April 17, 2011, none of the family members would talk to him. However, when Clifton Petteway called again on April 18, 2011, Onnika Dunbar confronted him about the misrepresentations he had made to the family about the embalming of the deceased and the costs of the funeral. Dept. Exhs. 1, 4, 9; Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 21-22, 33-34.

Based on the foregoing documentary and testimonial evidence, the Department satisfied its burden of proof with respect to the allegations contained in paragraph 4 of the Charges.

Concerning the allegations contained in paragraph 5 of the Charges, the Department proved the substance of the allegations, which is that respondent failed to take steps to prepare or preserve the decedent's corpse from decay. The record establishes that the decedent died on March 27, 2011 and was transferred from the hospital to the funeral home on March 29, 2011. On March 31, 2011, Mr. Lewis transferred the decedent from the funeral home to the Chapel Funeral Home. Respondent himself testified that he did not embalm the body during the 48 hour period that the decedent was in the funeral home's custody because he did not have the family's written permission to do so. However, he claims that he instead lowered decedent's feet to prevent blood from rushing to the head and that he disinfected and washed the body. Tr. 11/15/11, p. 93.

Mr. Lewis credibly testified that there was no evidence that anything had been done to the decedent's body to prepare the body for viewing and/or burial when he collected the decedent's remains from respondent's funeral home. Tr. 11/15/11, p. 42. Mr. Lewis also credibly testified that when he picked decedent's body up on March 31, 2011, the decedent was still in his hospital Johnny with bandages and IVs in his arms, and the body still unwashed. Tr. 11/15/11, p., 46. Mr. Lewis testified that because the funeral home lacked refrigeration, and the body was not embalmed, there was puffiness in the areas of the eyes, ears, and hands, and the decedent's body was visibly swollen, complicated by the fact that the decedent suffered from chronic obstructive pulmonary disease which causes the body to retain extra fluid. Tr. 11/15/11, p. 42. Mr. Lewis also testified that he forewarned the family that due to respondent's delay in embalming the decedent's body, he could not guarantee that the decedent's appearance would resemble his appearance before his death. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 41-43, 45-49. Therefore, the Department proved that respondent stored the deceased on a stretcher and failed to wash, disinfect or embalm the decedent's body, which failure caused the body to deteriorate.

***Count Two***

With respect to the allegations contained in paragraphs 8 and 9 of the Charges, the Department sustained its burden of proof. Specifically, in May 2011, respondent failed to provide customers with an Outer Burial and Casket Price List; and, during 2010 and 2011, respondent failed to maintain files for all the funeral services provided by the funeral home. During the Department's annual licensure inspection of the funeral home in May 2011, respondent admitted that he did not provide customers with an Outer Burial and Casket Price List and that only a copy of it was kept in a three ring binder, and that he or his brother only provided the customers with the funeral home's General Price List, in violation of §§20-230a<sup>2</sup> and 20-230b<sup>3</sup> of the Statutes. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 58-60.

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<sup>2</sup> This section provides:

No licensed funeral director or licensed embalmer shall offer to sell services to arrange for or conduct funerals or offer to sell any merchandise used in connection with a funeral without first providing the purchaser of such services or merchandise with an itemized price list of all available services and merchandise and every such purchaser shall also be informed by such funeral director or embalmer, prior to entering into any sales agreement, of the right to select only such services or merchandise which the purchaser so desires.

<sup>3</sup> This section provides:

No person engaged in the business of funeral directing and no licensed funeral director or licensed embalmer shall fail to provide the person making funeral arrangements or arranging for disposition of a dead human body, at the time funeral arrangements are completed and prior to the time of rendering service

The Department investigator, Edward Bergin, also testified. According to Mr. Bergin's inspection of respondent's records, the funeral home provided services for 70 funerals in 2010 and 30 funerals as of May 31, 2011. On May 9, and May 31, 2011, there were only four and 12 "at need" files maintained at the funeral home, respectively, in violation of §20-222(g)(1) of the Statutes that requires that "all records relating to funeral services, . . . [provided by the funeral home] shall be maintained at the address of record [as identified on the inspection certificate] for not less than six years after the death of the individual for whom [such] services were provided." Emphasis added. Mr. Bergin testified that when he requested the funeral files for 2010 and 2011, Clifton Petteway told him that the records were not available because the records were stored on the funeral home's computer which had been stolen and they were trying to reconstruct the files by obtaining such information from their accountant's files. Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 58-60. Given that respondent's records were not available for the Department's licensure inspection and the Statutes require that all funeral files be maintained at the funeral home and be available for inspection for at least six years from the decedents' deaths, the Department sustained its burden of proof with respect to these allegations.

With respect to the allegations contained in paragraph 10 of the Charges, the Department met its burden of proof that during 2011, respondent presented applications to DSS for burial assistance payments, but improperly failed to include cemetery charges in order to avoid exceeding the eligibility limit for burial assistance funds under the State Administered General Assistance ("SAGA") Program. According to Mr. Bergin's testimony, in order for a family to be eligible for maximum burial assistance funds under the Burial Assistance Program, the total cost of a funeral cannot exceed \$4600.00, of which the decedent's family may contribute up to a maximum of \$2800.00 while the Burial Assistance Program pays the remaining \$1800.00. However, if the total cost of the funeral exceeds \$4600.00, the funeral home will only be eligible to receive the amount left, if any, after subtracting the amount by which the total funeral cost exceeds the \$4,600.00 eligibility limit from the \$1800.00 maximum assistance payment.

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or providing merchandise, a written statement indicating to the extent then known: (1) [t]he price of the service that the person has selected and what is included therein; (2) the price of each supplemental item of service or merchandise requested; (3) the amount involved for each of the items for which the funeral firm will advance money as an accommodation to the family of the deceased; and (4) the methods of payment. No person engaged in the business of funeral directing and no licensed funeral director or licensed embalmer shall bill or cause to be billed any item that is referred to as a "cash advanced" item unless the net amount paid for such item by the funeral firm is the same as is billed by the funeral firm.

Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 61-65. The evidence in the record demonstrates that on at least ten occasions, respondent omitted, on the application forms, any funeral expenses which would result in the total cost exceeding the \$4600.00 limit, making it eligible for the \$1800.00 maximum payment. Dept. Exh. 6, pp. 9, 19-20, 23, 27, 31, 37, Dept. Exh. 9, pp. 4-9; Tr. 11/15/11, pp. 67-68, 71-72, 75-78.

With regard to the allegations contained in paragraph 11 of the Charges, the Department sustained its burden of proof that on at least four occasions during 2011, respondent overcharged DSS \$400.00 for a cardboard cremation container. The funeral home's General Price List denotes \$600.00 as the price for an unfinished wood box for cremation; however, the record shows that on at least four occasions in 2011, respondent used a cardboard cremation box instead of an unfinished wood box for cremation and that the cardboard box cost \$200.00, and not \$600.00. Thus, respondent over charged DSS \$400.00 for each cardboard box that was substituted for an unfinished wood box.

The Board concludes that respondent's conduct constitutes grounds for discipline pursuant to §20-227 of the Statutes in conjunction with §§20-222(g)(1), 230a and 230b of the Statutes. Therefore, respondent's embalmer's license is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to §19a-17 of the Statutes.

### *Order*

Pursuant to the authority vested in it by §§19a-17 and 20-227 of the Statutes, the Board finds that the misconduct alleged and proven is severable and warrants the following disciplinary action imposed in the case of Stanley Petteway, embalmer, the holder of Connecticut embalmer license number 002702, Petition No. 2011-643:

1. Based on the conduct alleged and proven in Count One, respondent shall pay a civil penalty of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) by certified or cashier's check payable to "Treasurer, State of Connecticut." The check shall reference the Petition Number on the face of the check, and shall be payable within sixty days of the effective date of this Decision. Failure to pay the civil penalty as ordered will constitute a violation of this Memorandum of Decision and shall result in a suspension of respondent's license until respondent pays the civil penalty.
2. Based on the conduct alleged and proven in Count Two, respondent shall pay a civil penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) by certified or cashier's check payable to

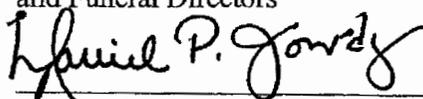
“Treasurer, State of Connecticut.” The check shall reference the Petition Number on the face of the check, and shall be payable within sixty days of the effective date of this Decision. Failure to pay the civil penalty as ordered will constitute a violation of this Memorandum of Decision and shall result in a suspension of respondent’s license until respondent pays the civil penalty.

3. Respondent’s license to practice as an embalmer in the State of Connecticut is hereby reprimanded.
4. Respondent’s license shall be placed on probation for a period of six months under the following terms and conditions:
  - a. Respondent shall obtain at his own expense, the services of an embalmer, pre-approved by the Department (hereinafter, “supervisor”), to conduct a random review of respondent’s business records.
  - b. The supervisor shall have the right to monitor respondent’s practice by any other reasonable means, which he or she deems appropriate. Respondent shall cooperate fully with the supervisor in providing such monitoring.
  - c. Respondent shall be responsible for providing written supervisor reports directly to the Department monthly for the six-month period of the probationary period. Such supervisor’s reports shall include documentation of dates and duration of meetings with respondent, additional monitoring techniques utilized, and a statement that respondent is practicing with reasonable skill and safety.
  - d. Respondent shall successfully complete 8 hours of continuing education in business ethics. Said continuing education programs shall be pre-approved by the Department. Documentation of completion of said programs shall be presented to the Department.
5. The civil penalty and all correspondence and reports shall be mailed to:

Bonnie Pinkerton, Nurse Consultant  
Department of Public Health  
410 Capitol Avenue, MS #12HSR  
P.O. Box 340308  
Hartford, CT 06134-0308

6. This Order shall become effective upon the signature of the Board Chairperson.

Connecticut Board of Examiners for Embalmers,  
and Funeral Directors



By: Daniel P. Jowdy, Chairperson

MAY 8, 2012  
Date

**CERTIFICATION**

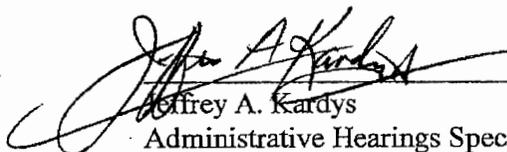
I hereby certify that, pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes § 4-180(c), a copy of the foregoing Memorandum of Decision was sent this 9th day of May 2012, by certified mail, return receipt requested and via email to:

Mark Matasavage, Esq.  
38 Central Avenue  
Waterbury, CT 06702

Certified Mail RRR #91 7108 2133 3936 6420 2679

and via email to:

Matthew Antonetti, Principal Attorney  
Legal Office  
Department of Public Health  
410 Capitol Avenue, MS #12LEG  
Hartford, CT 06134-0308



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Jeffrey A. Kardys  
Administrative Hearings Specialist/Board Liaison  
Department of Public Health  
Public Health Hearing Office



# STATE OF CONNECTICUT

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

December 11, 2012

Stanley Petteway, Embalmer  
242 Orange Street, Apt 2  
Waterbury, CT 06704

Re: Memorandum of Decision  
Petition No. 2011-643  
License No. 002702

Dear Mr. Petteway:

Please accept this letter as notice that you have satisfied the terms of your license probation effective December 11, 2012.

Notice will be sent to the Department's Licensure and Registration section to remove all restrictions from your license related to the above-referenced Memorandum of Decision.

Please be certain to retain this letter as documented proof that you have completed your license probation.

Thank you for your cooperation during this process.

Thank you,

Olive Tronchin, HPA  
Practitioner Licensing and Investigations Section

 J. Fillippone



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